ained in twenty-nine volumes of the Ohio and Ohio State Reports.) AND REPERENCES TO PRIOR LAWS, TYLEANDERS.CRITCHIPELD, ESQ.

y officers:

A Attance of Common Judges, Scorerolles, Transper and antice of State, and
note Courts, Courte of Common Pleas, Superlice Courts, Auditors, and the Clerks of the
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ourts of the several States of the Union.

It, destaining, as it does, all of the Statutes
and the authorizative construction of them This book, containing, as it is construction of our in force, and the authoritative construction of the New Constitution, will be found to be expend of the New Constitution, of their duties, to all and of the New Constitution useful in the perform

TOPTIONS OF THE PRACE,
TOWNSHIP TRUSTERS,
OLERKS OF TOWNSHIPS, and
CITT OFFICERS.

SHOULD BE OF TOWNSHIPS, and
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Alternations and additions, and many important desum have been given by the Supreme Court on converted points, all
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
BANKERS, MERCHANTS
AND BUSINESS MEN GENERALLY,

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Ohio Statesman

MANYPESNY & MILLER, Publishers GEG. W. MANYPENNY, Editor. COLUMBUS, OHIO.

TO ADVERTISEMENTS, TO INSURE INSER-TION, should be handed in by TWELVE O'CLOCK on the dry of publication. WEDNEDAY EVENING, MARCH 6; 1861

The Infatuation of President Lincoln and his On the sixth day of last November, a major-Supporters.

tent the constitutional rights, interests and Convention. Every delegate chosen was in fafeelings of the citizens of the fifteen Southern States - notwithstanding these Southern States and their citizens stood upon a perfect equality with the Northern States and their citizens in relation to the Pederal Union and Constitution. And by their ill advised, mistaken and unfor tunate action on that day, the majority of the oltizens of one half the Union instituted a revolutionary policy in the General Government, which, if carried out in the practical administration of its affaire, would inevitably lead to the dismemberment of our great confederacy, and in all probability to the terrible conflict of arms

18.—Envire M. Starton, of Pa., appointed by the Aresidant U. S. Attorney General.

18.—Envire M. Starton, of Pa., appointed by the Aresidant U. S. Attorney General.

29.—South Carolina State Convention pussed the phenomenant of the international, intelligent breth read that had now taken place, but which they hardly believed their rational, intelligent breth read that had now taken place, but which they have actually being to the dread test of performance. Counter proceedings at once began to loom up portentously divognore the States which were thus placed under the ban of a fanalical proscription. And it was obvinus to overy name minded man in the whole country that between the two sections there must speedily either be an amicable set temperated by the sections of the Carolina Convention, in the name of the people of that State, adopted a Declaration the sections of the condition of things, the most revolting character.

In this condition of things, the most worthy, tried shed tree particular and statesmen of all particular and all sections of the Union concerted to gether and deviced several though similar acceptable means of adjustment, and used all their power and influence toward the acoption of any one of them, in order to accomplish the reits of the Union, concerted to restore and preservation of the old and catable restored and preservation of the reits of the Union, and of the means of the Union, and of the means of the Union concerted to gether and deviced several though similar acceptable means of adjustment, and used all their power and influence toward the acoption of any one of them, in order to accomplish the reits of the Union, and of the means of the Union shifted and catable restored and preservation of the old and catable restored the Union, and of th between the dissevered parts.

lished relations hitherto ambaining between the States of the Union, and of the proper fraternal feelings and mutual interests that formerly obtwo sections, North and South. But at every step, in every effort, the good and

rork of endeavoring to effect a peaceable setlement have been sneered at, discountenanced and opposed, and even in some cases abused, goviled and insulted, and in the end frustrated, by the chicanery of the unscrupulous "Republi-can" conspirators and demagogical traitors against the Union, the peace and prosparity of

There was still a lingering hope that the man whom the revolutionary party had elevated to the Chief Magistracy of the General Government would daily appreciate the position on assuming its duties, and so use its mighty influence, by its duties, and so use its mighty influence, by throwing it in the scale of patriotic compromise, as to avoid all danger of imminent hostile collion, and thus avert the horrors and disasters of

resident has spoken from the explicit stand on which by accident a minority of the people have succeeded in placing him, and, unless we are happily mistaken, he atters no uncertain sound, but one that gives the order for battle. He tells the people of the entire South, fifteen States, and also two-thirds of the people of the whole country, that they must either submit to be ruled in ent "the mementons there of civil ne. .. Now, those partiesns who expect the thern States to yield to a revolution in the theory and practice of the government since its formation, by which they and their interests are to be prescribed and tramp-fed appea, are early relation in their os-timate of the character of the men whom, by

their sectional theory, they would, in its practi-cal workings, abuse and degrade. We do not rafer to the ultras of the South. Between them ifference; but there is a yest body of mon, a

spulotude and apprehension which, like a contagion, is now doing its work in all the Bordes and more conservative Slave States, and which, if not soon, in some concil-States, and which, if not soon, in some conciliatory way, allayed, will inflame the mass of the prople to such a pitch as to induce the prople to such a pitch as to induce the later than the federal Capital. whole South to go into the Southern Confeder-

whole South to go into the Southern Confederacy.

It is madness to talk of coercion under the circumstances. Patriotism, love of country, all sense of justice, the peace of the country, all demand that such acts of compromise and concession as may be necessary and proper to secure the co operation of all the Border Slave States in the effort to preserve the Union, and to strengthen their hands and make them influential and efficient in winning back the Cotton States, should at once be adopted, and Mr. Lincoln should have recognized and admitted the soccessity of such a policy in his Inaugural.

He has thought fit to do otherwise, and what is now before us no man can tell. Of one thing Mr. Lincoln and his friends may be assured, that until his Administration does offer some evidence which will not admit of doubt, that it Missouri.

evidence which will not admit of doubt, that it a prepared to do justice to the South, a very large body of men in all the free States will not consent to any harsh and violent measures being resorted to by the Executive authority.

Chronology of Events Since the Presidential

It is now, March 6th, 1861, four months, crone quarter of a year, since the last Presidentian election. Events of the most startling character have followed each other in rapid succession For the information of our readers and for fu ture reference, we present a brief summary of he principal of these events: NOVEMBER, 1860.

6-The election for President and Vice Presiient.
9—Resignation of James Chramut, of South
Carolina, United States Senator, and of James
Magnath, U. S. District Judge at Charleston,

U. S. Senator, resigned. 14—The South Carolina Legislature passed

pecie payments.

26—All the principal Banks of Tennessee, coluding the State Bank, suspended specie pay-

On the sixth day of last November, a majority of the citizens of the Northern States of our
then united confederacy, by their votes for
Presidential electors, ignored to a material ex-

JANUARY, 1861.

2-The Florida State Convention met at Tal lahassee

3—Forts Pulsaki and Jackson, in the harbor of Savannah, taken possession of by the Georgia State troops.

The South Carolina Commissioners left Washington for home, having acomplished nothing.

4-National Fast.—Fort Morgan, in the har-

4—National Fast.—Fort Morgan, in the har-bor of Mobile, taken possession of by Alabama State troops, and also the U.S. Arsenal in Mo-bile.

8—Jacos Trosarson, of Mississippi, U.S. Sec-retary of the Interior, resigned. . . . Forts Johnson and Caswell seized by North Carolina

State troops.
9-Steamship Star of the West, with troops

Verk, appointed by the Freedom to the vacant office.

12—Fort Baraneas and the Navy Yard at Pensacola, Florida, seized by Alahama and Florida troops.

The Mississippi members of the U.S. House of Representatives withdrew from that body.

17—The Georgia State Convention adopted an ordinance of secession.

21—Senator Davis, of Mississippi, the Alabama Senators, and the Florida Senators, withdrew from the U.S. Senate. The Alabama members of the U.S. House of Representatives withdrew from that body.

23—The Georgia members of the U.S. House of Representatives withdrew from that body.

body.

26—The Louisiana State Convention passed a
Secession Ordinance.
31—U.S. Mint and Custom House at New
Orleans seized by the authorities of Louisi.

The Texas State Convention passed an

13-The Virginia State Conventi-

Манон, 1861.

The Senatorship.

The hotels of our city are becoming quite thronged What with the business which ordinar. ily calls men to the capital when the Legislature is in seesion, we have within a day or two an unexbly—a splendid prize to be gambled for—which Adopted.

Adjourned. is now concentrating a host of visitors here even before the fact is officially announced that this grand prize will be at the disposal of the General Assembly. The trainers, keepers, backers, drinkers, googers and lobbyites of all sorts are coming in, until things look quite lively-but there is still ample room, good cheer, and bad whiche in abundance; so we say to members of the Republican party who want to be the suc. cessor of CHASE, one and all, come on-and to the friends of all who desire to succeed him, we and the Statesman unite on Mr. Plants as the committee of Conference on S. B. No. 35—Relative to the Longview Asylum, in Hamilton.

13—James H. Hammond, of South Carolina, and the Statesman unite on Mr. Plants as the committee of Conference on S. B. No. 35—Relative to the Longview Asylum, in Hamilton.

14—The South Carolina Legislature passed in act calling a State Convention.

23—The Banks in Philadelphia, Baltimore, a grave one, and we must have time to consider.

23—The Banks in Philadelphia, Baltimore, a grave one, and we must have time to consider. and the Statesman unite on Mr. PLANTS as the an act cailing a State Convention.

23—The Banks in Philadelphia, Baltimore, Wheeling, Norfolk, Augusta, Ga., Trenton, N. J., Pittaburgh, Pa., and in the District of Cotumbia, together with the Farmers and Exchange Bank in Charleston, S. C., suspended withdraw our support from that most distin-

DECEMBER, 1860.

5—In accordance with the resolution of Mr.
BOTELER, of Virginia, the Speaker of the U.
S. House of Representatives appointed the famous Special Committee of Thirty three, consisting of one member from each State. to whom was referred that the state of the State of the State of the State of Thirty three, consisting of one member from each State.

mous Special Committee of Thirty three, consisting of one member from each State, to make the control of the freel state of the control of the freel dent's Message relating to the perilon condition of the country.

The people of Study Carolina elected delegates to a State of Convention.

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The people of Study Carolina elected delegates to a State of Convention of the state of the state of the special population of the state of the special

furnish a resource which, if used, would be inexhaustible.

Coati—The adjacent hill contains the workship coavein, and the distance would depend, of course, on the
site chosen. The coal is bituminous of the best quality
and is said to be the best that is sold to either Newark of
Columbus, and to fetch the highest price.

PRICES OF MATERIALS, &c.—For all the information
in detail on this point, as well as for details in reference
to various other matters, we refer you to the memoria
already mentioned as having been made to the commis-

can be had, by digging at the depth of EITy feet or out in the alluvion, and marrer the hill, at the dept ten to twenty feet, atthing the hill atrata or hed re-that depth as it slopes under the alluvion. We therefore pray your Honorable Bodies that the Penitentiary may be located at Cochecton.

OHIO LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE. Tuespay, March 5, 1861.

AFTERNOON SESSION. After a call of the Senate the business pro

After a call of the Senate the business proceeded.

Mr. STANLEY, from a select committee, reported back S. B. No.——To enable purchasers of lands in the Salt Reserves to obtain deeds—with a recommendation that it pass. Agreed to, and the bill passed—yeas28, nays 0.

Mr. KEY gave notice that he would request the chairman of the committee on Federal Relations to report back his resolutions relative to a National Convention on Tuesday morning. The memorial of John W. Clark, of Ky., in reference to the Senera County Bank, was re-

The memorial of John W. Clark, of Ky., in reference to the Seneca County Bank, was referred to the committee on Claims.

A message was received from the House, stating that the House had receded from its agreement with the Conference committee on the bill concerning the Longview Asylum, and asked another Conference. Agreed to, and Messrs. Key, Ferguson and Cox were appointed a committee from the Senate.

Mr. STANLEY offered the following:

Reselved, That the committee on Printing be instructed to take such measures as may seem to them practicable to expedite the printing of bills and reports for the General Assembly. Adopted.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

AFTERMOON SESSION. A call of the House was had, when 60 mem-A call of the House was had, when 60 members answered to their names.
On motion of Mr. VORIS, the Sergeant at:
Arms was dispatched for the absentees.
Several members appearing at the bar of the House, on motion of Mr. ANDREWS, all fur-

ther proceedings under the call were dispensed with. Mr. BROWNE, of Miami, moved to take 10-Nearly all the U. S. Government officers say come without fall. It is true that, if CHASH whereby the House agreed to the report of the

> The question being on reconsidering, the yeas and nays were ordered and resulted, yeas 45, nava 35.

45, nays 35.
So the vote was reconsidered.
The question then being on agreeing to the report of the committee of Conference, the same was not agreed to, yeas 27, nays 52.
On motion of Mr. WRIGHT, of Hamilton, a message was ordered to be sent to the Senate informing that body of the action of the House or the Conference committee agreement and ask on the Conference committee's report, and ask-ing for a second committee of Conference. On motion of Mr. PATTERSON, H. B. No.

Messages were received from the Senate, reand notifying the House of the appointment of Messra. Key and Cox said committee on the part of the Senate;
Enclosing the following bills for the concurrence of the House;
S. B. 198—Authorizing the trustees of certain churches in Cincipant) to diameter of old

tain churches in Cincinnati to dispose

salt reserve lands to receive deeds. Said bills were read the first time. The SPEAKER appointed Mesers. Wright, of Hamilton, Scott, of Warren, and Baldwin, as the committee of Conference, on the part of the House, on S. B. 35.

On motion of Mr. ROBINSON, the House adjourned.

IN SENATE. Wednesday, March 6th, 1861-10 A. M. Prayer by the Rev. Dr. SMITH.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS.

others, of Crawford County, asking the passage of S. B. No. 209, for the sale, &c., of Railroads.

carawas county, remonstrating against the sale 28 others of Jefferson county, for a tax to build foot bridges in certain school districts.

By Mr. PHOMPSON, of Summit, from John Committee on Public Works.

W. M. Hemmeger, and 180 other citizens Tuscarawas county, remonstrating against the sale or lease of the Public Works of the State of Chio.—Referred to the committee on Public

Roads.

Mr. JONES moved to postpone the order.

Mr. SCHLEICH objected that the importance of the bill required it should not be so passed.

Soth motions were withdrawn, and the Senate proceeded with the regular order. Mr. STANLEY, from a majority of the Committee on Finance, recommended the indefinite postponement of S. B. No. 255—To amend sections 13 and 14 of the Independent Treasury

Mr. STANLEY, however, hoped the red

Those who voted in the affirmative were man, Orr. Parish, Perrill, Schleich, Smith, Mesers, Proc. Wood in the Mesers and Mesers, Proc. Wood in the Mesers and Mesers, Proc. Wood in the Mesers and Mesers a

Mesers. Breck, Brewer, Bonar, Collins, Cox, Cuppy, Cummins, Fisher, Garfield, Glass, Har-rison, Harsh, Jones, Laskey, McCall, Monroe, Moore, Potts, Potwin and Stanley—20.
Mr. SCHLEICH, offered the following as an amendment to section 13 of the law as it stands,

Moore, Potts, Potwin and Stanley—20.

Mr. SCHLEICH, offered the following as an amendment to section 13 of the law as it stands, viz:

Sec. 13:—No State or County officer shall receive in payment of taxes or other public dues, or pay out in the disbursement of public money, any other funds than the coin of the United States.

Mr. WOODS announced that a bill was in progress more liberal in its exemptions, and moved that the bill be laid on the table.

Mr. COX remarked that the bill in its present form was amended in accordance with the instruction of the House. He would have preferred a more liberal form, but accepted this as an alternative.

Mr. WOODS changed that the bill was in progress more liberal in its exemptions, and moved that the bill be laid on the table.

Mr. COX remarked that the bill in its present form was amended in accordance with the instruction of the House. He would have preferred a more liberal form, but accepted this as an alternative.

Mr. WOODS changed the motion to a reference to the Judiciary committee, which was agreed to.

The House then took a recess.

the law.

Mr. CUMMINS regarded the sub treasury as an indirect stab at the banks of Ohio, holding that the Democratic Treasurers of Ohio

Those who voted in the affirmative were-Messrs. Esson, Ferguson, Fisher, Foster, Holmes, Key, Orr, Perril, Schleich and White

Those who voted in the negative were—
Messra. Breck, Brewer, Bonar, Collins, Cox,
Cuppy, Cummins, Garfield, Glass, Harrison,
Harsh, Jones, Laskey, McCall, Monroe, Moore,
Morse, Parish, Potts, Potwin, Ready, Smith,

Morse, Parish, Potts, Potwin, Ready, Smith, Sprague, Stanley—24.

Mr. PARISH opposed the amendment of Mr. Schleich, but was opposed to interfering with the law at the present time. He wanted to test the system thoroughly. It is a Democratic measure, they say, and if ultimately they can make capital out of it, they are welcome. The people had not yet grouned under it, and when they do, he will be ready to vote for an amendate agerage, ment. Mr. MOORE concurred with Mr. Parish's

Mr. MOORE concurred with Mr. Farish's views. He hated so much doctoring of laws.—
When the people are badly affected by the law they will make it known.
The question recurring upon the third reading of the bill, it was agreed to. Ayes 20, Nays

The bill was read a third time and it passed.
Those who voted in the affirmative were Messre. Breck, Brewer, Bonar, Collins, Cox, Cuppy, Cummins, Fisher, Garfield, Glass, Jones, Laskey, McCall, Monroe, Morse, Potts, Potwin, Ready, Sprague and Stanley. 20.
Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.
Those who voted in the negative were disconnected the property of selection.

Browner A Millionaire, by the decision made in the United States Supreme Court

Perrill, Schleich, Smith and White-15.

Mr. HARSH said he was in favor of the original bill, but with Mr. Jones' amendment he

was opposed to it.

The bill as passed is as follows, viz: A bill to amend sections thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) of an act "to establish the ladependent Treasury of the State of Ohio."

Scotion 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That sections thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) of the above recit-

ed act be so amended as to read as follows: Szorion 13. No State or County officer shall

in effect omitted that portion of the bill which proposed to tax time deposits. Lost-ayes 3, uays 27. Messrs. Breck, Moore and Parish, only, voted aye.

The question recurring upon the passage of the bill, it passed—ayes 26, nays 5.

Those who voted in the allirmative were—Messra. Breck, Brewer, Bonar, Collins, Cox, Cuppy, Fisher, Garfield, Glass, Harrison, Harsh, Jones, Key, Laskey, McCall, Monroe, Moore, Morse, Parish, Potts, Potwin, Ready, Smith, Sprague, Stanley and White—26.

Those who voted in the negative were—Messra. Esson, Foster, Holmes, Newman, Parell 5.

The Senate then took a recess. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Trimble.
The following memorials were presented as referred.

By Mr. CHASE, from Jacob Mochamar and 160 others, of Stark county, against the further immigration of colored people.

By Mr. VORIS, from Peter Miller and 46 others, for a reduction of State and county officers.

By Mr. CHASE, from Peter Pierson and 200 By Mr. GLASS, from John F. Lewis and 7 others, of Richland County, asking the passage of S.B. 209, R. R. Committee.

Also, a similar petition from Mr. Newman and 33 others, of the same county. R. R. Committee.

By Mr. GLASE, from Peter Pierson and 200 others, of Stark county, against the further immigration of colored people.

By Mr. FELLOWS, from Jonathan Crew and 17 others, of Columbiana county, against the intermarriage of first county, against the intermarriage of first county.

By Mr. BLEEKER, from John Logan and DO. YOU WANT A MUSTAGHE?

By Mr. BLEEKER, from John Logan and DO. YOU WANT A MUSTAGHE? 20 others of Morrow county, that certain terri-tory may be attached to Richland county. By Mr. ROSS, from Joseph Cable, of Van of S. B. No 209, for the sale, &c., of Railroads.
R. R. Committee.
By Mr. POTWIN—Memorial from C. B.
Goddard, and 64 others, of Muskingum County, saking an amendment to the law of April 12th, 1858, further to provide for the better regulation of the receipt and disbursement and safe keeping of the public revenue. Judiciary.
By Mr. READY—John C. Tidball, and 32 other citizens of Coshocton county, remonstrating against the lesse or sale of the Public Works.—Referred to Committee on Public Sothers of Franklin county, for Improvement of the Hocking side-cut canal.

Theorewas county, remonetrating against the sale or lease of the Public Works of the State of Ohio.—Referred to the committee on Public Works.

S. B. No. 236: For the removal of obstructions from tumpikes and plank roads. The bill passed, yeas 31, nays 0.

S. B. No. 45: For the redemption of the notes of the Seneca County Bank, was referred to Mr. McCone.

Separat output.

Mr. SCHLEICH called up the special order,
B. No. 208: To regulate the sale of Rail

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B. No. 208: To regulate the sale of Rail

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order,
B. No. 208: To regulate the sale of Rail The following Bills were read a second time and referred.

H. B. 383—To incorparate the Bank of Chio and other Banks.—Select Committee on Bank

H. B 388-To amend section twenty four of

H. B 358—To amend section twenty-four of "an act providing for the appointment of officers of the Ohio Penitentiary, and determining the manner of wasking the convicta," passed March 24, 1869.—Penitentiary.

H. B. 393—To authorize the Commissioners of Monroe county to borrow money to supply the deficiency occasioned by the defalcation of the county treasurer.—A select committee.

S. B. 198—To authorize the Trustees of Wesley Chapel, the Trustees of Morris Chapel, and the Trustees of Triffity M. E. Church, in the city of Cincinnati, to dispose of certain property belonging to the same. Hamilton Delegation.

tion.
S. B. 204—Defining the jurisdiction of the Probate Court of Shelby and Geauga counties, in criminal cases.
S. B. 240—To enable purchasers of lands in the Scioto Salt Reserve, in Jackson county, to obtain deeds. obtain deeds.

8. B. 251.—Regulating the Commercial Hospital of Cipcinnati. Medical Schools.

S. B. 252.—Supplementary to "an act making certain instruments of writing, negotiable," passed February 25, 1820. Judiciary.

8. B. 254.—To amend section thirty-one of an act entitled "an act to provide for the re-ogani-

zation, supervision and maintenance schools," passed March 14, 1853. School Lands. H. B 323; By Mr. COX-To encours

time, when Mr. COX advocated the passage of the bill.
Mr. VORIS hoped the bill would not pass, as it did not make sufficiently liberal provisions for LUNG. COMPLAINTS. the firemen.

Mr. WOODS announced that a bill was in pro-

DEATH OF A PRINTER.—We regret to be called upon to announce the death of Stephen W. Brown, a gentleman well known in this vicinity dare not avow themselves hard money men, and carry the principle into practice in their official character.

The amendment of Mr. SCHLEICH was not mend to labor as much as was in his power. He mend to labor as much as was in his power. He is known as the inventor of Brown's Polychro-matic Press, for printing in various colors with one impression, and also for a new style of card press, and a quick lock galley, which was re-ceived with considerable tavor by printers. In private life, he was a genial, kind hearted companion and friend, and a most exemplary hus-band and father. He leaves a wife and several children to mourn his loss, as well as a large circle of acquaintances and friends to whom he was greatly endeared.—Syracuse Standard,

> Population and Extent of Paris,-The Prefect of the Seine says, in his annual report, that 1,171 houses have been demolished; these houses contained 7,715 families, embracing, on an average, three persons per family; that is, at least 22,145 persons have been obliged to move in the course of the year, over and above the usual number of removals that annually take place. There have been built in the course of the year, 3,986 houses, containing lodgings for 29,040 families. The population of Paris now consists of 1,746,720 souls. He says the number of vacant lodgings in Paris now is not above 10,998, whereas, in a normal situation of affairs, there should be 25,000 or 30,000 lodgings vacant to give tenants a sufficient liberty of selection. houses contained 7,715 families, embracing, on an

BECOME A MILLIONAIRE -Robert J. Walker has suddenly become a millionaire, by the de-cision made in the United States Supreme Court, involving the title to a quickeilver mine in California, estimated to be worth ten millions of dollars. Mr. Walker is proprietor of one fifth of this valuable mine, and was offered, not long ago, \$2,000,000 for it, provided the court should give a favorable decision. That decision has now been given, and Mr. Walker, who was, to use his own words, "a beggar in the morning," went home to his dinner a millionaire. The disastrous condition of the country may, however, prevent his immediate realiza-

GUERNSEY'S BALM!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Social and Musical Festival. THE LADIES OF THE SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

will hold a Social and Musical Festival, at the rooms attached to the Church, on Chapel street, on Thursday Evening, March 7th.
The public generally are cordially invited to attend.
Music in the audience room, to commence at half past eight. Doors open at half-past six. Admission, 25 cents. Children ball price.

Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Ohio DY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF VENDI the Court House in the city of Columbus, Franklin county, Ohio, and Saturday, the 6th day of April, A. D. 1861. between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate; situate in the M., the following described real setato; situate in the County of Franklin, and State of Ohio, to wit: Lots Nos two. (2) three, (3) and four, (4) in the tawn of Grove

Appraised at-Lot No. 2, \$300 00 3, 40 00 4, 25 00 G. W. HUPSMAN, Sherin, By Ho. Davis, Deputy

Sheriff's Sale.

Richley & Brother | Superior Court. BY VINTUE OF A WHIT OF FI. FA.

to me directed, from the Superior Court of Franklin
county, Ohlo, I will offer for sale on the farm of Thomas
Shannon, six miles west of Columbus, on the National

Saturday, March the 16th, A. D. 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following property, to wit:
Mowing Machine, 5 Plows, 2 Cultivators, 2 Harrows,
two horse (Wagon, 1 Eugny, 1 Gray Mare, 1 Bay Mare,
Chestnut Sorrell Horse, and a lot of Blacksmith's tools
G. W. HUTEMAN, Sherin,
march's, d10t. By No. Davis, Deputy.

DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?

BELLINGHAM'S

Stimulating Onguent, For the Whiskers and Hair.

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The Great NEUHALGIO HEMEDY and Natural OPIATE, adapted
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not to injure in the least, however long it may be continred, and the III effects of Bad Dyes remedled; the Hats rigorated for life by this splendid Dyc. Bold in all cities and towns of the United States bruggists and Pancy Goods Dealers. II The Genuine has the name and address upon a stee

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Notice. M. M CITY BANK OF COLUMBUS. PHE FOLLOWING CHANGES WERE made in the the officers of this Bank, January 29th, 51, to witt WM. A. PLATT, President, and THOMAS I, to witt WM. A. PLATT, President, and THOMAS II.

conta, Cashier, resigned their offices. Payin Taying., was then elected President and WM. A. Playr By order of the Beard of Directors.
feb 5, 1851-dtf. W. A. Pharr. Cashier. OMORING TOBACCOS,

test also, Rentucky flow out in barrels and half

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Std. Oak street, six rooms, stable, &c., 511
There is a well, children and celler to each. In